



Florida Arbovirus Surveillance

Week 16: April 15-21, 2018

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), and St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), as well as exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a parasitic mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of April 15-21, 2018, the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

WNV activity: No human cases of WNV infection were reported this week. No horses with WNV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week. In 2018, positive samples from twenty sentinel chickens have been reported from five counties.

SLEV activity: No human cases of SLEV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2018, there have been no positive samples reported.

EEEV activity: No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. One horse with EEEV infection was reported this week in Hamilton County. Two sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Manatee and Volusia counties. In 2018, positive samples from ten horses, one emu, one emu flock, and ten sentinel chickens have been reported from fourteen counties.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases: No cases of dengue fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2018, one travel-associated case has been reported.

Dengue Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired dengue fever were reported this week. In 2018, no cases of locally acquired dengue fever have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: No cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2018, one travel-associated case has been reported.

Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week. In 2018, no cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases: One case of Zika fever was reported this week in a person that had international travel. In 2018, 30 cases have been reported.

Zika Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired Zika fever were reported this week. In 2018, no cases of locally acquired Zika fever have been reported.

Advisories/Alerts: Levy County is currently under a mosquito-borne illness alert. No other counties are currently under mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

There are no areas of ongoing, active Zika transmission in Florida. For additional information on current CDC recommendations, please visit <https://www.cdc.gov/zika/intheus/florida-update.html>. For additional information on Zika virus cases from 2016 or 2017, including up-to-date numbers, please visit <https://zikafreefl.org/>.

There is a Level 2 (Alert) Travel Health Notice from the CDC for multiple countries in the Caribbean, Central and South America, Mexico, Cape Verde, Southeast Asia, and Pacific Islands related to Zika virus transmission and an association with poor pregnancy outcomes. Pregnant women should consider postponing travel to these areas. There is also a Level 2 Travel Health Notice for Brazil and a Level 1 Travel Health Notice in Nigeria related to the transmission of yellow fever virus. There is also a Level 1 Travel Health Notice for Sri

Lanka related to the transmission of dengue virus. Additional information on travel health notices can be found at the following link: <http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices>. For a map of arboviral disease activity in the United States, please visit the following link: https://wwwn.cdc.gov/arbovet/maps/ADB_Diseases_Map/index.html.

2018 Human Case Summary*

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: One case of chikungunya fever with onset in 2018 has been reported in an individual with travel history to a chikungunya endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Country of origin was: Brazil. County reporting the case was: Orange.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases: One case of dengue fever with onset in 2018 has been reported in an individual with travel history to a dengue endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Country of origin was: Cuba. County reporting the case was: Miami-Dade. In 2018, one case of dengue reported in Florida has been serotyped by PCR. Additional serotyping and strain typing are being conducted.

	# of cases per serotype – 2018
DENV-2	1
Total	1

International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases: In 2018, thirty cases of Zika fever have been reported in individuals with travel history to a country or area experiencing Zika virus activity. Countries of origin were: Brazil (2), Brazil/Haiti, Brazil/Mexico, Cuba (9), Cuba/Mexico, Guatemala, Haiti (6), Honduras (2), Puerto Rico, and Venezuela (6). Counties reporting cases were: Broward (2), Collier (10), Hernando, Lee, Miami-Dade (8), Orange (5), Osceola (2), and Palm Beach. Four cases were reported in non-Florida residents. Florida is monitoring a total of 21 pregnant women in 2018.

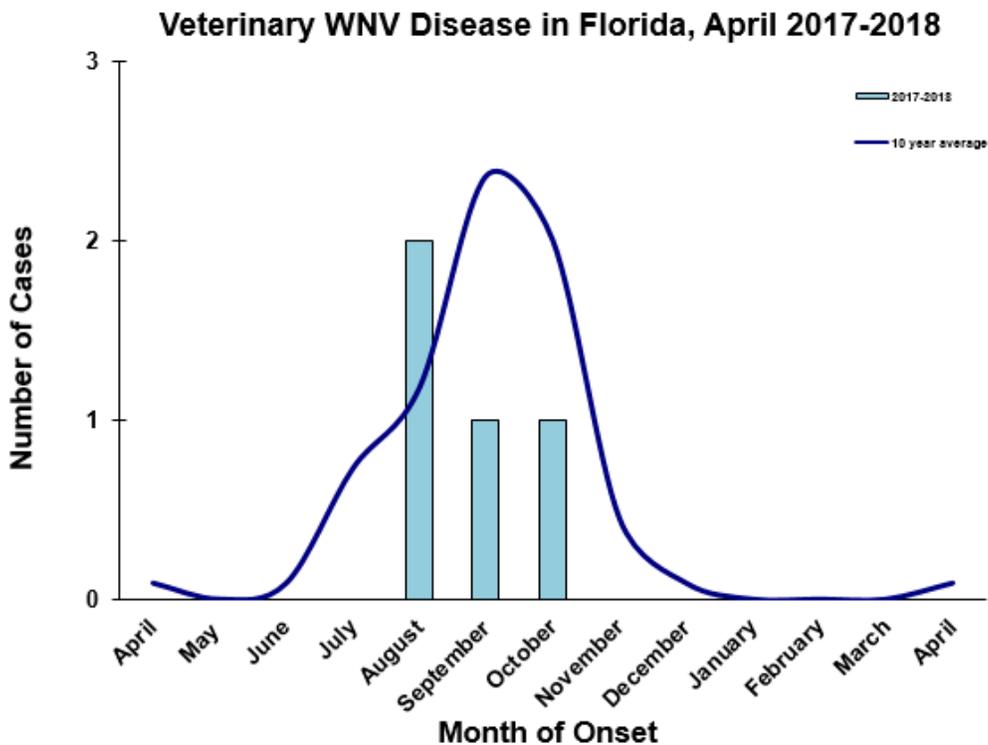
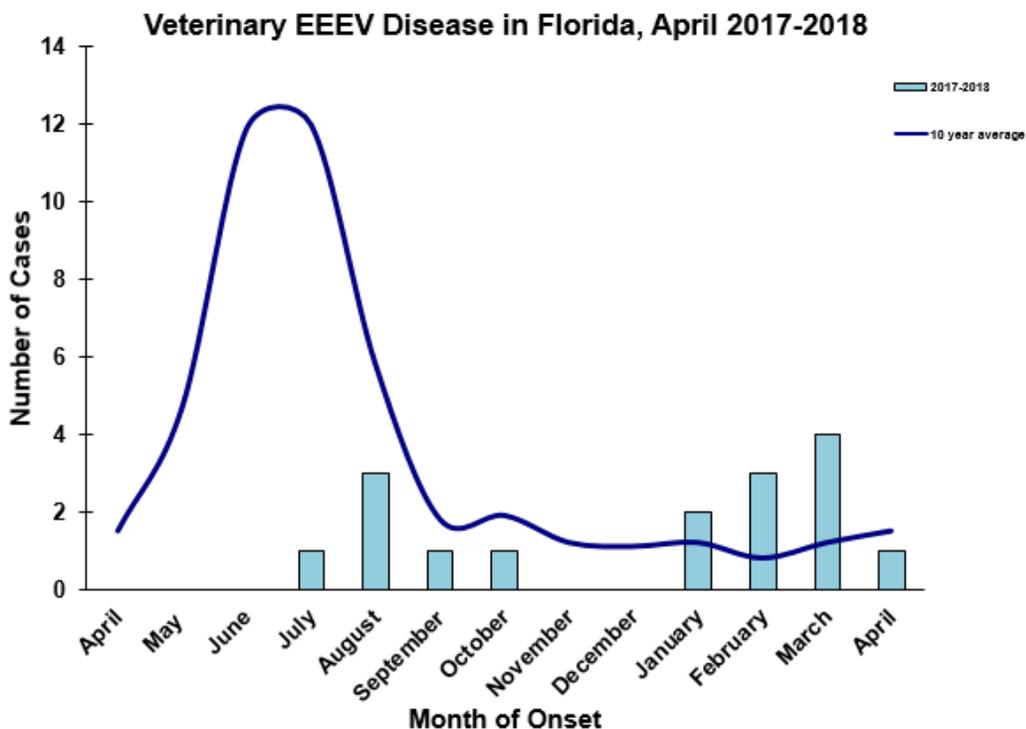
International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Thirteen cases of malaria with onset in 2018 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Angola, Brazil, Haiti (2), India (3), Kenya, Nigeria (3), and Togo (2). Counties reporting cases were: Broward (2), Hillsborough (2), Miami-Dade (7), Orange, and Palm Beach. Four cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

Eight cases (62%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. Four cases (31%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*. One case (8%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium ovale*.

Veterinary Cases*

*Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset. Only mammalian veterinary cases are included in the graphs.

One horse with EEEV infection was reported this week in Hamilton County.



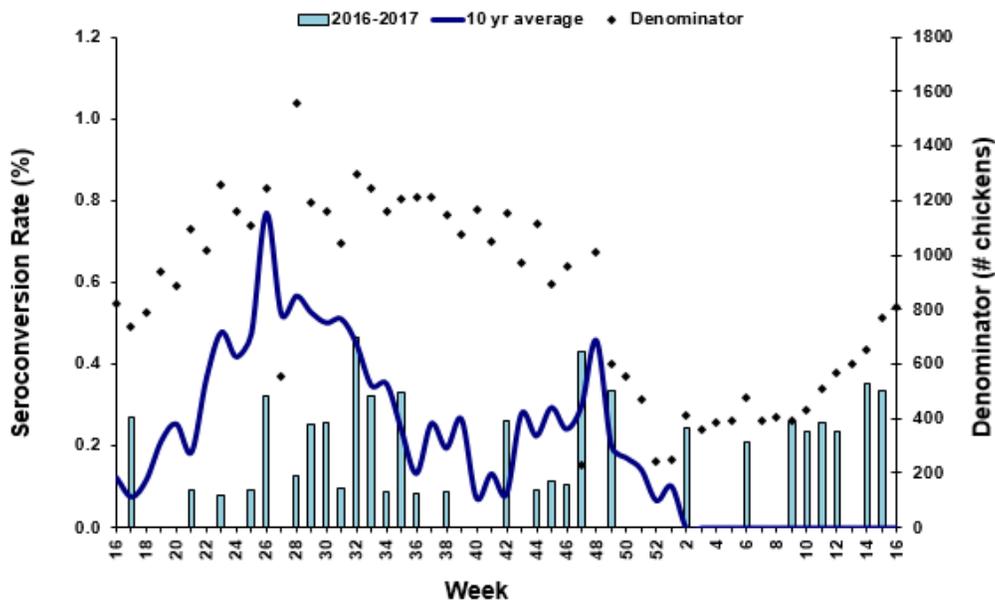
Sentinel Chickens*

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

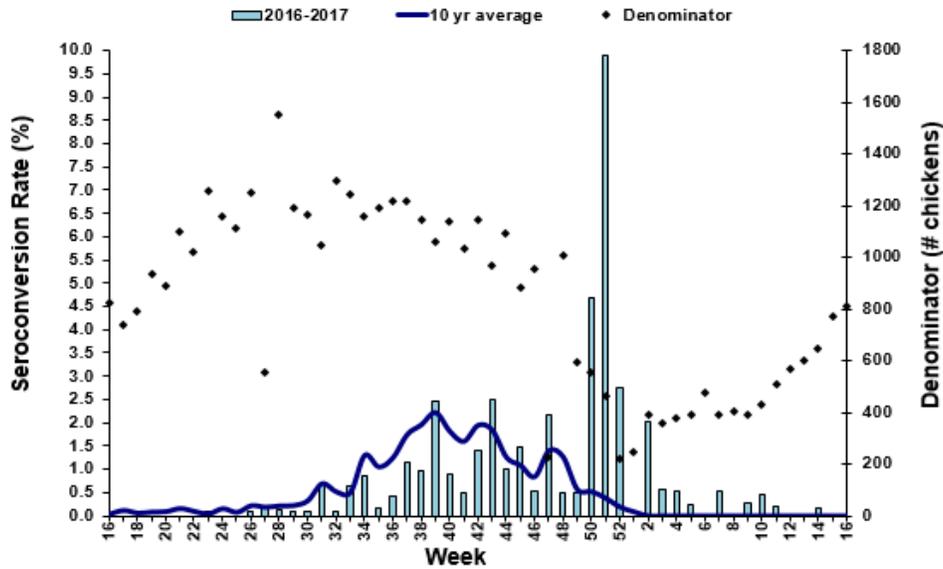
Two sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Manatee and Volusia counties.

County	Collection Date	Seroconversion Rates (%)					County Totals		
		Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD
Manatee	4/10/18				1.39	1.39		1 EEEV	2 WNV, 1 EEEV
Volusia	4/9/18				2.13	2.13		1 EEEV	1 EEEV

Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2017-2018



Sentinel Seroconversions to WNV in Florida, 2017-2018



* Please note that a change in testing procedure starting on week 50 of 2017 resulted in an artificial spike in positive test results that cannot be directly compared with past results.

Mosquito Pools

No mosquito pools tested positive for EEEV, WNV, or Zika this week.

County	Collection Week	Result	Species	County YTD

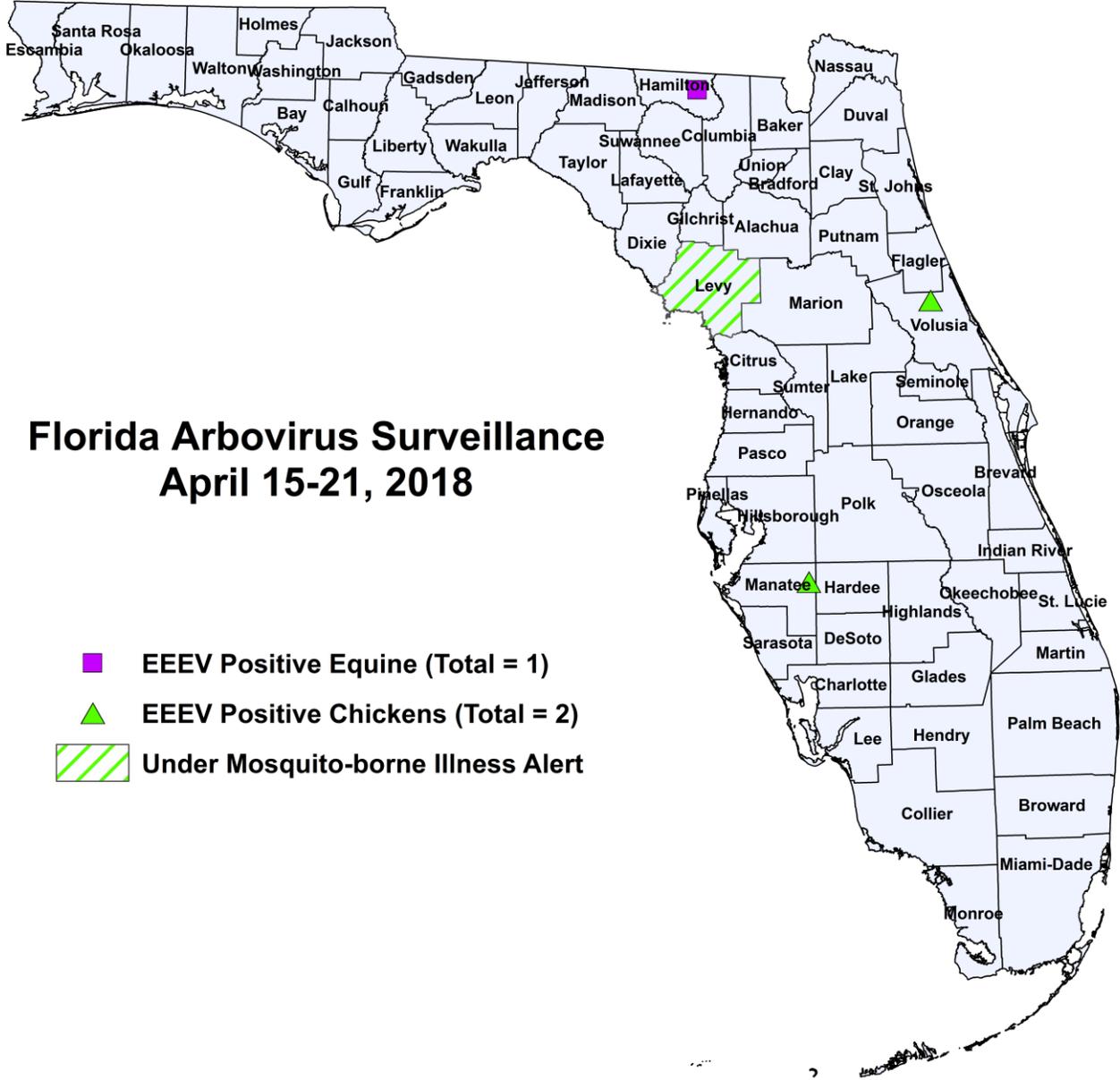
Dead Birds

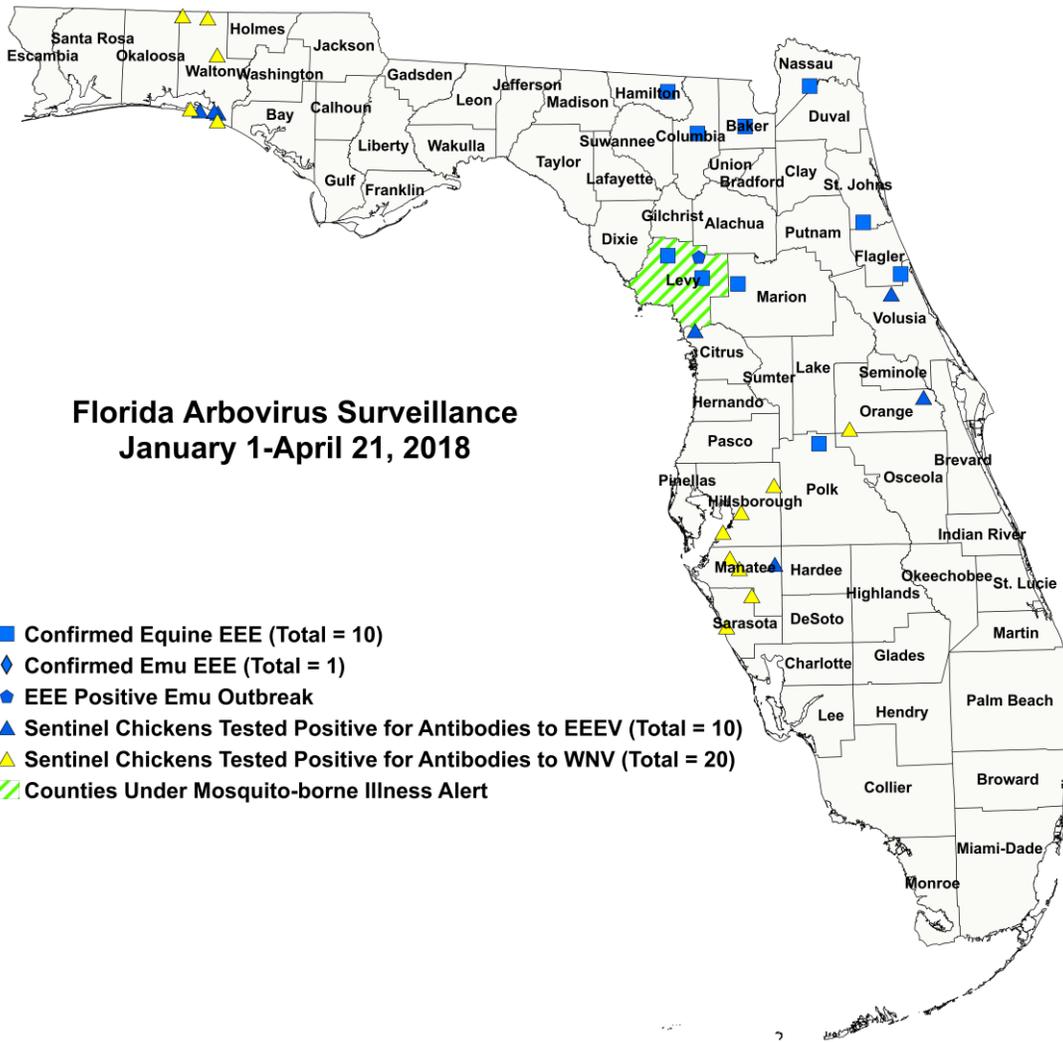
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 16 reports representing a total of 69 dead birds, including one jay, one crow, one raptor, and one dove, were received from nine counties.

In 2018, 157 reports representing a total of 420 dead birds (3 crows, 5 jays, 33 raptors, 5 doves) were received from 33 of Florida’s 67 counties. Please note that FWC collects reports of birds that have died from a variety of causes, not only arboviruses. Dead birds should be reported to www.myfwc.com/bird/.

2018

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Dove
Alachua	1	0	0	0	0
Brevard	39	0	0	0	0
Citrus	1	0	0	0	0
Duval	1	0	0	0	1
Flagler	3	0	0	0	0
Hillsborough	16	0	0	0	0
Lee	4	0	0	0	0
Manatee	1	0	0	1	0
Palm Beach	3	1	1	0	0





2018 Arbovirus Activity by County	
County	Arbovirus Activity
Baker	EEEV: 1 horse (3/11)
Citrus	EEEV: 1 sentinel (1/8)
Columbia	EEEV: 1 horse (3/5)
Flagler	EEEV: 1 horse (3/6)
Hamilton	EEEV: 1 horse (4/3)
Hillsborough	WNV: 7 sentinels (1/10, 1/16, 2/13, 3/6, 3/13)
Levy	EEEV: 2 horses (2/24, 3/5), emu flock outbreak (3/2 for first emu)
Manatee	WNV: 2 sentinels (1/9, 2/13) EEEV: 1 sentinel (4/10)
Marion	EEEV: 1 horse (2/28)
Nassau	EEEV: 1 horse (1/29)
Orange	WNV: 1 sentinel (1/10) EEEV: 2 sentinels (2/27, 3/13)
Polk	EEEV: 1 horse (2/27)
Putnam	EEEV: 1 emu (2/13)
Sarasota	WNV: 3 sentinels (1/12, 2/2, 4/2)
St. Johns	EEEV: 1 horse (1/9)
Volusia	EEEV: 1 sentinel (4/9)
Walton	WNV: 7 sentinels (1/9, 1/22, 1/23, 2/26) EEEV: 5 sentinels (2/5, 3/5, 3/19, 4/2)

Acknowledgements and Data Sources

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: <http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html>

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm>

Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, chikungunya, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: <http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html>. Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.